

RE 3:16 ΟΥΤΩΣ 3779 ADV ΟΤΙ 3754 CONJ χλιαρος 5513 A-NSM ει 1510 5719 V-PAI-2S και

2532 CONJ ου 3756 PRT-N ζεστος 2200 A-NSM ουτε 3777 CONJ-N ψυχρος 5593 A-NSM

μελλω 3195 5719 V-PAI-1S σε 4771 P-2AS εμεσαι 1692 5658 V-AAN εκ 1537 PREP του 3588

T-GSN στοματος 4750 N-GSN μου 1473 P-1GS

Vocabulary

1473 *egō*

1 I, me, my

1510 *eimi*

1 to be, to exist, to happen, to be present

1537 *ek*

1 out of, from, by, away from

1692 *emeō*

1 to vomit, vomit forth, throw up

2200 *zestos*

1 boiling hot, hot

2 metaph. of fervour of mind an zeal

2532 *kai*

1 and, also, even, indeed, but

3195 *mellō*

1 to be about

a to be on the point of doing or suffering something

b to intend, have in mind, think to

3588 *ho*

1 this, that, these, etc.

3754 *hoti*

1 that, because, since

3756 *ou*

1 no, not; in direct questions expecting an affirmative answer

3777 *oute*

1 neither, and not

3779 *houtō(s)*

1 in this manner, thus, so

4750 *stoma*

1 the mouth, as part of the body: of man, of animals, of fish, etc.

a since thoughts of a man's soul find verbal utterance by his mouth, the "heart" or "soul" and the mouth are distinguished

2 the edge of a sword

4771 *sy*

1 you

5513 *chliaros*

1 tepid, lukewarm

2 metaph. of the condition of the soul wretchedly fluctuating between a torpor and a fervour of love

5593 *psychros*

1 cold, cool

a of cool water

2 metaph.

a cold i.e. sluggish, inert

b in mind: of one destitute of warm Christian faith and the desire for holiness

Grammar

5658 Aorist Tense, Infinitive Mood

5719 Present Tense, Indicative Mood

Aorist Tense: The aorist tense is characterized by its emphasis on punctiliar action; that is, the concept of the verb is considered without regard for past, present, or future time. There is no direct or clear English equivalent for this tense, though it is generally rendered as a simple past tense in most translations.

Indicative Mood: The indicative mood is a simple statement of fact. If an action really occurs or has occurred or will occur, it will be rendered in the indicative mood.

Infinitive Mood: The Greek infinitive mood in most cases corresponds to the English infinitive, which is basically the verb with "to" prefixed, as "to believe."

Present Tense: The present tense represents a simple statement of fact or reality viewed as occurring in actual time. In most cases this corresponds directly with the English present tense.